All advertising for a less time than three mouths, will be at the usual rates-\$1 per square for the first three insertions, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent issue.

Letters on business should be addressed to John Shaw, Sentinel office, Washington.

BY RAILROAD DIRECT THE WEST.

Time between Washington and Wheeling but 17 1-3 hours! Running time between Washington and Cincin nati 27 hours! Through Tickets and Baggage Checks o be had in Washington!!!

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD Having greatly improved its Western connections now offers the fulle t induce-incuts to travellers between Washington, Baltimore, and all portions of the West, the Northwes

and the Southwest.

The connection between the trains from Wash-The connection between the trains from Washington and the trains bound west from Baltimore is always promptly made at the Washington Junction (lately called the Relay House) 9 miles from Baltimore. This is the only change of cars required between Washington and the Ohio river. Baggage is checked through to Wheeling at the Washington station, and rechecked and transfer. red there, (with the passengers) without charge, for those holding through tickets for points beyond. The connecting trains leave Washington daily at 6 a. m. and 41 p. m. On Sundays at the latter

trains of the CENTRAL OHIO RAILROAD, run ning from Bellarre on the Ohio, near Wheeling, through Cambridge, Zanesville and Newark to COLUMBUS. These trains connect at Newark with the cars of the Newark, Mansfield and Sandusky Railroad for Sandusky, Toledo, Detron, Chicago, St. Louis, etc.
At Columbus the C. O. Railroad trains connect

with the fast trains of the Little Miami Railroad to Xenia, CINCINNATI, LOUISVILLE, etc. At to Xenia, CINCINNATI, LOUISVILLE, etc. At Xenia (on Luttle Miann Railroad) connection is formed with the trains through Dayton, to INDI ANAPOLIS, Terre Haute, Lafayette, Chicago Rock Island, St. Louis, etc.

117 Passengers holding through tickets for Memphis, Vicksburg, Natchez, New Orleans etc. which are also sold at Wushington, are transferded.

red at Cincinnati to the Mail Steamers on the Ohio Tickets for Evansville, Cairo, and St. Louis are fold by this route.

FOR CLEVELAND, and via Cleveland to

speedy, and direct to nearly all the leading points andria. great West. The distance from Was ton to Cincinnati is but 653 miles, being about 100 miles shorter than by any other route!
FARE BY THROUGH TICKET FROM

WASHINGTON: To Wheeling, \$9 50; Col WASHINGTON: To Wheeling, \$9 50, Columbus, \$13 65; Dayton, \$15 50; Cincinnati, \$16; Louis vi le, by railroad, \$15 65; by steamer from Cincinati, \$18; Indianapolis, \$17 50; Cleveland, \$12 15; tokedo, \$15 80; Detioit, \$15 20; Chicago \$20 65 and \$19 50; St. Louis, \$25 50 and \$25; Memphis.

\$26; New Orleans, \$31, etc. RY MARTINSBURG, BERKLEY SPRINGS, CUMBERLAND, BEDFORD SPRINGS, Piedmont, Oakland, and Fairmount, passengers may leave Washington at 6 a. m. or 4 p. m. For the minor way stations between Baltimore and Wheeling, take 6 a. m. train from Washington.

LF Fortrains to and from Baltimore, Annapolis,

etc., see special advertisements.

III For further information, through tickets, &c., apply to THOS. H. PARSONS, Agent at Washington Station. JOHN H. DONE,

Master of Transports for Baltimore and Onio Italirond, Baltimore.

WASHINGTON BRANCH RAILROAD

伊爾蘭蘭爾 THE TRAINS

41 p. m. Leave Baltimore at 42 and 91 s. m., and 3 and 51 p. m. On Sundays the only train from Baltimore is that leaving at 42 s. m., and from Washington a 44 p. m. May 5—16. T. H. PARSONS, Agent

RUDIMENTARY AND PRACTICAL A Treatise on Perspective for beginners, sim-puned for the use of juvenile students and amaeurs in architecture, painting, &c.; also adapted or schools and private instructors, fourth edition,

revised and enlarged, by George Payne, artist; eighty-six filustrations, 75 cents. Rudiments of the Art of Building, in five sec-Rudiments of the Art of Building, in ave sections, viz: 1. General principles of construction; 2. Materials used in building; 3. Strength of materials; 4. Use of materials; 5. Working drawings, specifications, and estimates, illustrated with 111 woodcuts, by Edward Dobson, author of the Railways of Belgium, &c.

Elements of Mechanism, elucidating the scien-

tific principles of the practical construction of machines, for the use of schools and students in mechanical engineering, with numerous speci-mens of modern machines remarkable for their

utility and ingenous, illustrated with 243 engrav-ngs, by T. Baker, author of Railway Engineering, Just received, and for sale of the Bookstore o R. FARNHAM, corner of the errort and Penn-

W M. T. BROWN, FRED. P. STANTON, and J. KNOX WALKER, have formed a partnership for practising law in the Supreme Court of the United States, and the Court of Claims in Washington, and in the Courts of Tennessee. Offices in Washington and Memphis. One of the parties will always be found at either

place, and letters addressed to them will receive prompt attention.

April 21—ttend RAPPAHANNOCK ACADEMY.

ber having determined to discontinue teaching school, offers for Lease or Rent the Rappa. hannock Academy, which he wishes to dispose of for the next four years. There has been a school at the place for forty years. It is situated seven teen miles below Fredericksburg, immediately on the road between that place and Port Royal The locality can be surpassed by none for beauty or healthfulness, is supplied with all necessary buildings, which are in good repair and will accommodate seventy borders.

Teachers wishing to keep a boarding school, will do well by calling to see the place before bargaining elsewhere.
Address the subscriber at Port Royal, Caroline Nov. 27 THOMAS R THORNTON.

WASHINGTON SENTINEL.

VOL. 3.

TRI-WEEKLY.

CITY OF WASHINGTON, TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 29, 1856.

sors in every department.

A French lady, recently from Paris, is engaged

RECOMMENDATIONS: "My friend, Miss Brooke, is a most estimable lady, of great intelligence, whose qualifiations as a teacher, and whose accomplishments in English literature, entitle her to high consideration.

ALONZO POTTER."

"Miss Brooke is well known to me as a lady

who is entirely capable of conducting successfully the education of young ladies, and in every way

worthy of the patronsge of parents.

A. DALLAS BACHE."

EEF RENCES:

The Right Rev ALONZO POTTER, D. D.,
LL. D., Right Rev. G. W. DOANE. D. D., LL. D.
Professor A. DALLAS BACHE, Sopt. Coas

Survey.
Professor JOSEPH HENRY, Sec'y of Smith Gen. JOHN MASON, Washington, D. C. WILLIAM W. CORCORAN, 1889. "
JOHN S. MEEHAN, Esq., Librarian to Con

gress.

Hon. JAMES CAMPBELL, P. M. General.

Hon. ELLIS LEWIS, Chief Justice of the S Court, Pa. Hon. G. W. WOODWARD, Associate Judge of the S. Court of Penna.

Hon. GEORGE VAIL, M. C., N. Jersey.

Lieut. M. F. MAURY, LL. D., U. S. Obser.

Circulars stating the terms to be had at the

JOYCE'S TASTELESS SOLUTION Of Copaiba! 114 Chambers Street, N. Y. TO THE MEDICAL PROFESSION.

GENTLEMEN.—The valuable medicinal properties of Balsam Copaiba have long been recognized by the faculty, but the great disadvantage arising from its nauseous taste has hitherto prevented its administration in many diseases for which it is particularly adapted. The usual 'modus operandi' of prescribing it, either in the form of an Emulsion or Gelatinous Capsules, has not been found satisfactory, being liable to some objection, either from the difficulty expe menced by some individuals in the deglutition of the Capsule or the small quantity of Copaiba generally found in the Enrulsion.

Joyce's tasteless solution of Copaiba is the

most unique preparation yet introduced to the medical profession, as it contains 50 per cent. of the pure-1 Para Copaiba, without taste or smell, and at same time mixes clearly and freely with water, and is pronounced by the most eminent physicians and analytical chemists in the old and new worlds to contain all the medicinal proper-ties of Balsam Copaiba without its disagreable characteristics.

It is an efficient preparation for all diseases of

the mucous membranes, and particularly Gonorheea, Leucorrhosa, Gleet, painted hemorrhoida effections, and in chronic irritation of the bladder Sold in Washington wholesale, by J. N. CALLAN,

Toledo, Detrou, Chicago, etc., tickets are sold, when the Ohio is navigable between Wheeling and Wellsville (forty miles) where a connection with the Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad is made.

Travellers are requested to notice that while this is the only route affording through tickets and checks in Washington, it is also the shortest, most speedy, and direct to nearly all the leading points

XTRA Heavy-plated Tea Sets, Albata Forks, Spoons, &c .- M. W. Galt & Bro Extra Plated Tea Sets, latest styles Castors, Cake Baskets, Card Trays, &c.

Also, superior Albata Forks and Spoons. The above are of the very best quality, and un

sually low. M. W. GALT & BRO. M CODERN LANGUAGES. D. E. Groux, a antive of France, teacaer of Modern Lanntions made with correctness and punctu-Professor of Numesmatics, for the classifil'ennsylvania avenue, south side, between 7th streets, opposite Brown's Hetel.

Furnished Rooms to cent at that place. "Mary Barton," "The Moorland Cottage,"
"Crawford," &c. 372 cents.
Kings and Queens, or Life in the Palace, by
John S. C. Abbott, new edition, just received and
for sale by R. FARNHAM.

CTONE QUARKY.-I am prepared to furaish from my quarry, opposite the Little Falls adjoining the quarry of the late Timothy O'Neale, any quantity of stone that may be needed tor building purposes. Apply to the undersigned at his house on H, between 19th and 20th streets, to the First ward, or to Mr. Paine, at the quarry-fuly 27 WILLIAM B. SCOTT.

THE FAILURE of Free Society.—Sociology for the South, or the Fadure of Free Society, by George Fitzingh. On sale at TAYLOR & MAURY'S

SCHONENBERG & THUN, GENERAL AMERICAN AND FOREIGN AGENCY, For the Collection of Claims, the Procureme Patents, Bounty Lands, and Pensions. BUKEAU OF TRANSLATION

From the French, Spanish Italian, and German Languages, and for Topographical and other Drawings. No. 4951. 7th Street, Washington D. C.

BARTLETT'S AMERICAN EXPLORhig Expedition.—Personal narrative of exporations and incidents in Texas, New Mexico California, Sonora, and Chibuahua, ly J. R. Bart, lett. United States Commissioner during that perriod, in two volumes, with maps and illustrations.

The Hive of the Bee Hunter, a repository of Sketches, including peculiar American character, scenery, and rural sports, by T. B. Thorpe, author of Tom Owen, the See Hunters, &c., illustrated

by sketches from nature. Farmingdale, a novel, by Caroline Thomas. Our Parish, or annals of Pastor and People. Just received and for sale by R. FARNHAM,

Corner or Penn, avenue and 11th st. THE AMERICAN SPORTSMAN, Contnining Hints to Sportsmen. Notes on Sport-ng, and the Habits of the Game Birds and Wild Fowl of America, by Elisha J. Lewis, M. D., with

TAYLOR & MAURY'S Book Store, near Ninth street T EAVES from a Family Journal, from the French of Emilie Souvestre, author of The Attic Philosopher in Paris. Mrs.Jameson's Common place Book of Thoughts, Memories, and Faucies.

R. FARNHAM.

PRAYER BOOKS AND BIBLES. I Just received a very large assortment of Frayer Books and Bibles in all kind of bindings; the best assortment, perhaps, to be found in the

Also, a large assortment of English Books in History, Poetry, &c. and the best American edi-

MISS BROOKE, from Philadelphia, will open her BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.

MODERN BOOK E, from Philadelphia, will open her BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.

MODERN BOOK E, from Philadelphia, will open her BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.

Stitution; Incorporation of the General Government by the States; as national public agents in trust, with no sovereignty; History of Copartfor young Ladies, on Monday, September 10th, 1855, at No. 138, Penn. Avenue, corner of Seven Buildings and 19th street. Miss BROOKE Public Lands; Specific Dates; Origin and History will be assisted by the most competent Professional Profes tween the North and South, and Jeopardy of the Republic; Legal mode of Redress pointed out; by W. B. Davis, Wilmington, North Carolina. Price

Two Dollars.
On Sale at BISHOP'S Periodical Store, No. 216 Penasylvania avenue, adjoining Willard's Hotel

NEW BOOKS RECEIVED AT SHILL LINGTON'S Bookstore— the Dodd Family, by Charles Lever, author of

harles O'Malley. Behind the Scenes, by Lady Buiwer Lytton. The Lamplighter, one of the most fascinating ooks ever written. Everything in the Book, Newspaper, and St.

Everything in the Bookstore, Sale at JOE SHILLINGTON'S Bookstore, Odeon Building, corner 42 street and Pa. avenue TO MEMBERS OF CONGRESS AND

WATCHES. Members of Congress and W others in want of perfect timekeepers would be well to make their selections at once, in order to test their quality before leaving the city. Our assortment for foth Ladies and Gentlemen was never so complete as at present, embracing

wery description, which we offer unusually low M. W GALT & BRO | HER. Penn. avenue, between 9th and 10th streets

WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVERY and Plated Ware at Reduced Prices.-It W and Plated Ware at Reduced Prices.—In anticipation of the approaching dull season, we offer our entire stock of elegant Gold Watches. Rich Jewelry, Pure Silverware, &c., at greatly

reduced rates.

Persons would do well to examire our assortment, which is by far the largest, most fashio able, and best selected ever offered to our customers.
M. W. GALT & BRO., 324 Penn avenue, between 5th and 9th streets.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE for September a magnificent number, filled with superior vings, and for sale at SHILLINGTON'S book-

The great illustrated Magazine of Art for Sep-inber is one of the best that has been issued. Leslie's Ludies' Gazette for September contains the new Fall fashions.
The Knickerbocker Magazine for September

Godey's Lady's Book, Graham's Magazine, and 'utnam's Magazine, all for September, received SHILLINGTON'S Bookstore,

TAKE NOTICE. of every description of Speciacles, from the lowest price to the very best quality used, and having been for a long time engaged in manufac-turing, and adjusting Glasses for the most difficult and defective visions, therefore can with confidence guarantee to benefit and improve the sight of al-

Cail at 418, Pennsylvania avenue, Sign of the rge Spread Eagle- A. O. HOOD. arge Spread Eagle-Feb 7 [Organ.] 7 1D GLOVES .- A fresh supply of Gent's Is ht-colored Kid Gloves at STEVENS'S
Feb 24—3tif Sales Room, Brown's Hotel.

TAYLOR & MAURY'S DOLLAR LET-Bookstore, near 9th st.

UNDER SHIRTS AND DRAWERS. hest duality and at low and unitorm prices, at Nov 15—3tif STEVENS'S Sales Room, Brown's Hotel.

MERICAN ENGINEERING, Illus-A trated by branches of mechanical arts, sta-tionary, marine, and locomotive engines, manu-facturing machinery, printing presses, tools, grist, stenm, saw, and rolling mills, from buildings, &c., of the newest and most improved construction, by G. Weissenborn, Civil Engineer; parts one nd two now rendy, \$1 each. Sole agents for Vashington, TAYLOR & MAURY, Washington, Bookstore, near 9th st.

common-place book of Thoughts, Memories and Fancies, original and selected, by Mrs Jameson. Price 75 cents. Leaves from a Family Journal, from the French of Emilie Souvestre, author of "the Attic Philosopher in Paris." Paper, 50 cents; cloth, 75

water colors, illustrated by a series of 24 designs, colored diagrams of numerous wood cuts, with two extra plates of simultaneous contracts, by orge Barnard Price \$5.

Just received at TAYLOR & MAURY'S Bookstore. HISTORY OF GREECE,-A History of A Greece, from the enriest times to the Roman Conquest, with supplementary chapters on the History of Literature and Art. By Win. Smith. LL. D., editor of the Dictionaries of "Greek and Roman Antiquities" "Biography and Mythology." and "Geography." With notes, and a continuation to the present time. By C. C. Felton, LL.D. Eliot Professor of Greek Literature in Harvard

University.
The above work is intended principally for schools of the higher classes. Just received and for sale at the Bookstore of R. FARNHAM, corner of Pennsylvania avenue and 11th street. Aug 21.

THE SONS OF THE SIRES, A 1118 tory of the Rise, Progress, and Destiny of the American Party, and its probable influence on the next Presidential election, to which is added a Review of the Letter of the Hon. Henry A. Wise against the Know-nothings, by an Ame-

rican.
The History of Mason and Dixon's Line, con-tained in an Addr-ss delivered by John H.B. Latrobe, of Maryland, before the Historical So-ciety of Pennsylvania, November S, 1854. Mirana Elliot, or the Voice of the Spirit, by S

Autobiography of Charles Caldwell, M. D., with a Preface, Notes, and Appendix, by Harriet W.

Warner.
Just received and for sale by
R. FARNHAM; Corner of Penn. avenue and 11th street VALUABLE FARM IN VIRGINIA,

A (1.600 Acres) for Sale.—Having leased for a term of years, "The Fauquier White Sulphur Springs" to persons whose high reputation warrants the belief they will be kept in the best style,

tants the belief they will be kept in the best style, the undersigned now offers for sale the valuable farm which surrounds the Springs.

It contains upwards of 450 acres of low grounds—remarkable for extraordinary crops of corn, and capable of being made the best possible mea. 1888.

As part of this lind yielded 100 bushels of a 1888 acre, in 15 3, the twelfth year of successive attaction, without manure; and in 1854, bad as 1881 the season, produced 70 bushels—the Farm is easily susceptible of division, and is certainly one easily susceptible of division, and is certainly one of the best in Virginia.

Terms: One-third on the 1st of Decumber next, and the belance in one and two years thereafter, with interest from date of delivery.

For further particulars require of the subscriber by letters addressed to "Warrenton Springs, Virinia," or to Washington, D. C.
May 1-tf THOMAS GREEN. POCALYPTC SKETCHES,-Lectures

A POCALYPTC SKETCHES.—Lectures on the Book of Revelation by the Rev. John Cumming, D. D., 75 cents.

Benedictions, or the Blessed cafe, by the Rev.

J. Cumming, D. D., 275 cents.

School Books and School Requisites at the lowest price, for sale at the bookstore of GRAY & BALLANTYNE,

He w TO KNOW WHO THE HACKMAN IS.—All backs are required to be liceused, and to have the number of their licenses to be painted in black figures of not less than two inches in depth, on the front and side of each lamp attached to such carriage, or, if there he no lamps, the numbers shall be con-spiciously painted on each side of the driver.

In case any stranger or other person feels had self aggrieved by any back-driver let him obtain the number of the back. How to reach him with

the law is hereafter pointed out.
RATES OF FARE ALLOWED BY LAW.—For each

When detained on route over five min-utes, driver to be allowed, in addi-tion, for each quarter of an hour de-The above are the rates allowed between day break and So'clock P. M. After S.P. M. the rates of fare allowed are as follows:

three miles. 75
For detentions, for each quarter of an

hour...... 183 "
Rights of Persons Higher Hacks.—When Rights of Persons Hiring Hacks.—When more than two persons are in a back the driver is not permitted to take up another passenger without the consent of persons already in his back.

When any number of persons employ a back the driver is not allowed to take up any other passenger, provided the occupant will pay him the fare of three persons.

Hackmen are allowed to receive a greater com

pensation than is fixed by law if it be voluntarily offered by the passenger; but if he receive the same without informing the passenger that it is greater than his legal fare, he is guilty of having

demanded the illegal fare.
In Cases of Repusal by Hackmen to take Pas sknoers.—Hackmen are required by law to carry all passengers rendering them the legal fare, unless previously engaged for the time necessary to transport passengers offering him the lare, under a penalty of five dollars.

When a hackman shall refuse to take passengers, on the plea of a previous engagement, he is required to give the name and continued to give the name and give

required to give the name and residence of the person by whom he is so engaged, under a penalty If it should appear that the plea of a provious engagement was a false one, or that the informa

tion of the name and residence of the person given by the hackman was false, then the backman neurs a penalty of ave dollars.
Penalty for Demanding Illegal Fare.—The penalty for demanding a higher rate of fare for the transportation of passengers, is five dollars for each offence; and the person paying the illegal fare may recover back the amount over and above

e sum allowed by law. Where illegal fare is demanded or received of a stranger, or any person who shall not at the time have resided twelve months in the city, the pen alty for so doing is double, or ten dollars for each

Signes.—The rates of fare and all the other conditions, terms, and penalties, prescribed by law for the regulation of hackney carriages, apply to all sleighs running for hire within the city of Wash-

Drivers.-No person under sixteen years of age DRIVERS.—No person under sixteen years of age is allowed by law to drive any hack, cab, or sleigh for hire in this city, under a penalty of five dollars. How To Vindicate the Law.—Strangers and others arriving in the city by the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, who shall apply to a hackman for the use of his vehicle and be refused, or who shall be asked and required to pay over and above the legal rates of fare, will observe the number on the back, and immediately inform the police officer whose duty it is to be in attendance at the depot. That officer will protect the passenger from imposition, secure him a back, and prosecute the of-

fending hackman. depot to execute the law in this respect he knows depot to execute the law in this respect he knows will be followed promptly by his dismissal.

Strangers reaching the depot from steambours or other places from whom illegal fare is demanded will apply to the police officer in attendance, whose duty it is to ascertain whether the fare demanded

be illegal, and if so, to prosecute the offending READY MADE CLOTHING r REDUCED PRICES .-- As the season A is advanced, we have determined to seil off the remaining portion of our winter stock at greatly reduced prices; therefore gentleman wish ing to consult economy in purchasing fine Over-coats, Tainas Dress, Frock, and Business Conts; Black and Fancy Cashmere Pants; Velvet, Silk, Satin, and Merino Vests; Under Shirts and Drawers, and all other ready made garments of fine quality, will find our present variety to be as well assorted as in the beginning of the season,

with the advantage of much lower prices.
WALL & STEPHENS. "322 Pa avenue, next to fron Hall

The New York and Liverpool United States Mail Steamers. The ships comprising this line are: The Atlantic Captain West The Pacific Captain Nye. The Baltic Captain Comstock. These ships having been built by contract, expressly for government ervice, every care has been taken in their construction, as also in their engines, to insure strength and speed, and their accommodations for passengers are unequalled for elegance and comfort.

Price of passage from New York to Liverpool,

PROPOSED DATES OF SAILING. From None York. From Liverpool.

Wed'day. Dec. 2, 1854 | Saturday. Dec. 16, 1854 | Wed'day. Jan. 10, 1855 | Saturday. Dec. 10, 1854 | Wed'day. Jan. 24, 1855 | Saturday. Jan. 13, 1855 | Wed'day. Feb. 21, 1855 | Saturday. Jan. 17, 1855 | Wed'day. Feb. 21, 1855 | Saturday. Feb. 10, 1855 | Wed'day. Mar. 7, 1855 | Saturday. Feb. 10, 1855 | Wed'day. Mar. 7, 1855 | Saturday. Feb. 24, 1855 |

For the ght or pa sage, apply to EDWARD K COLLINS, No. 56 Wall street, N. Y. BROWN, SHIPLEY & Co., R. G. ROBERTS & Co., 13 King's Arms Yard, London. B. G. WAINWRIGHT & Co.,

GEO. H. DRAPER, Havre. ble for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, pre ciou- stones, or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and the value thereof therein ex-

COMMENTARIES on the Jurisdiction Practice, and Peculiar Jurisprudence of the Courts of the United States, vol. 1. by George

Ficknor Curtis.

History of the Crusades, their Rise. Progress and Results, by Major Proctor, of the Royal Military Academy. Cumming's Lectures on the Seven Churche-On sale at TAYLOR & MAURY'S Bookstore near 9th sto

EAMILIAR QUOTATIONS .- A collection of Familiar Quotations, with complete In lices of Authors and Subjects, price \$1. Memorials of Youth and Manhood, by Sidney Willard, two volumes; price \$2.

Ellie, or the Human Comedy, by John Ester

Cooke, author of Virginia Come lians, &c. TAYLOR & MAUR "Cookstore OTICE. The undersigned have formed NOTICE.—The undersigned have formed a co-partnership for the purpose of conducting a mercantile business, under the firm of Wil-

JAMES WILLAMS. March 26, 1856. JAMES H. WILIAMS. VENTION.

Resolved, That the American Democracy place their trust in the intelligence, the patritism and the discriminating justice of the of the many, and by a vigilant and constant

American people.

Resolved, That we regard this as a distinctive feature of our creed which we are proud to maintain before the world as a great element in a form of government springing from and upheld by a popular will; and we contrast it with the creed and practice of Federalism, under whatever name or form, which seeks to palsy the vote of the constituent, and which conceives no imposture too monstrous for the

popular credulity.

Resolved, Therefore, That entertaining these views, the Democratic party of the Union, through their delegates assembled in a general convention of the States, convening together in a spirit of concord, of devotion to the doctrines and faith of a free representative gov-ernment, and appealing to their fellow citizens for the rectitude of their intentions, renew and re-assert before the American people the declarations of principles avowed by them, when, on former occasions, in general convention, they presented their candidates for the popular

suffrages. 1. That the federal government is one of liberal powers, derived solely from the Constiought to be strictly construed by all the de-partments and agents of the government; and that it is inexpedient and dangerous to exer-

cise doubtful constitutional powers.

2. That the Constitution does not confer upon the general government the power to commence and carry on a general system of internal improvements.

3. That the Constitution does not confer authority upon the federal government, directly or indirectly, to assume the debts of the several States, contracted for local internal improvements, or other State purposes; nor would such assumption be just or expedient.

4. That justice and sound policy forbid the federal government to foster one branch of industry to the detriment of any other, or to cherish the interests of one portion to the injury of another portion of our common country; that every citizen and every section of the country has a right to demand and insist upon an equality of rights and privileges, and a complete and ample protection of persons and property from domestic violence and for-

5. That it is the duty of every branch of the Government to enforce and practice the most rigid economy in conducting our public affairs, and that no more revenue ought to be raised than is required to defray the necessary expen-penses of the Government, and for gradual but

certain extinction of the public debt. 6. That Congress has no power to charter a National Bank; that we believe such an institution one of deadly hostility to the best interest of our country, dangerous to our republicae in-stitutions and the liberties of the peopl and calculated to place the business of the country within the control of a concentrated money power, and above the laws and will of the people; and that the results of Democratic legistheir soundness, safety and utility in all busi-

ness pursuits. Government from all banking institutions is in- American State that may be constituted or earliest and most honored administrators. dispensable for the safety of the funds of the annexed with a republican form of Govern-

Government and the rights of the people. 8. That the liberal principles embodied by and sanctioned in the Constitution, which makes and sanctioned in the Constitution, which makes ours the land of liberty, and the asylum of the expressed will of a majority of actual residents, and inalienable right, never to be interfered will oppressed of every nation, have ever been cardinal principles in the Democratic faith, and every attempt to abridge the privilege of be-coming citizens and owners of soil among us Union upon terms of perfect equality with the ought to be resisted with the same spirit which other States. swept the alien and sedition laws from our

statute book. affairs not prohibited by the Constitution; that all efforts of the abolitionists or others made country, as the party of the Union, to uphold to induce Congress to interfere with questions and maintain the rights of every State, and of slavery, or to take incipient steps in relation thereby to sustain and advance among us conthat all such efforts have an inevitable tendency | benefit of the few at the expense of the many, to diminish the happiness of the people and end by vigilant adherence to those principles justice to all men, of all sections of the Conendanger the stability and permanency of the Union, and ought not to be countenanced by are broad and strong enough to embrace and of our Government, and which was defined as any friend of our political institutions.

Resolved, That the foregoing proposition covers and was intended to embrace the whole In second cabin, \$75. Exclusive use of extra sized subject of slavery agitation in Congress, and progressive people. therefore the Democratic party of the Union. by Congress, the act for reclaiming fugitives should declare themselves in favor of free seas, from service or labor included; which act be of progressive free trade throughout the world.

impair its efficiency.

Resolved. That the Democratic party will resist all attempts at renewing in Congress, or

Resolved, That the proceeds of the public lands ought to be sacredly applied to the national objects specified in the Constitution, and that we are opposed to any law for the distrithe Constitution.

Resolved, That we are decidedly opposed to tions and responsibilities amply sufficient to guard the public interests, to suspend the passage of a bill whose merits cannot secure the approval of two-thirds of the Senate and House Representatives until the judgment of the people can be obtained thereon, and which has saved the American people from the corrupt and tyrannical dominion of the Bank of the United States, and from a corrupting system

of general internal improvements. Resolved, That the Democratic party will faithfully abide by and uphold the principles laid down in the Kentucky and Virginia resolutions of 1792 and 1798, and in the report of Mr. Madison to the Virginia Legislature in 1799—that it adopts those principles as constituting one of the main foundations of its political creed, and is resolved to carry them out on their obvious meaning and import.

That in view of the condition of the popular institution in the Old World, a high and sacred | proper effort will be made to insure our ascenduty is involved with increased responsibility

among them constitutional liberty, by continuing to resist all monopolies and exclusive legis-lation for the benefit of the few, at the expense adherence to those principles and compromises of the Constitution-which are broad enough to embrace and uphold the Union as it is, and the Union as it should be-in the full expansion of the energies and capacity of this great

and progressive people. The first part of the report embraces the general principles of the last Convention, and re-affirms the Baltimore platform of 1852. It then proceeds as follows:

AND WHEREAS, since the foregoing declaration was numerously adopted by our predeces-sors in National Conventions, an adverse political and religious test has been secretly organized by a party claiming to be exclusively Americans, and it is proper that the American Democracy should clearly define its relations thereto: Therefore—

Resolved, That the foundation of this Union

of States having been laid in its prosperity, expansion, and pre-eminent example in free government, built upon entire freedom in matters of religious concern, and no respect of persons in regard to rank or place of birth, no party can justly be deemed national, constitutional, or in accordance with American principles which bases its exclusive organization upon religious opinions and accidental birth-

That we reiterate with renewed energy of purpose the well-considered declarations of former Conventions upon the sectional issue of domestic slavery, and concerning the reserved rights of the States, and that we may more distinctly meet the issue on which a sectional party, subsisting exclusively on slavery agitation, now relies to test the fidelity of the peo-ple, North and South, to the Constitution and the Union-

Resolved, That, claiming fellowship with and desiring the co-operation of all who regard the preservation of the Union, under the Constitution of the Union o lution, as the paramount issue, and repudiaing all sectional parties and platforms concerning domestic slavery, which seek to embroil the States and incite to treason and armed resistance to law in the Territories; and whose changed by methods which itself provides, the avowed purposes, if consummated, must end highest law of our obedience as citizens; and in civil war and disunion, the American Dethat we utterly discard that particular and exmocracy recognise and adopt the principles aggerated sympathy, the attempt to carry contained in the organic laws' establishing which into practice is at the per l of our dearthe Territories of Kansas and Nebraska as est interests as a nation, and threatens the inembodying the only sound and safe solu- fliction of evils of tenfold magnitude to thosetion of the slavery question upon which which it proposes to heal.
the great national idea of the people of this "Resolved, That the equality of the States is whole country can repose in its determined by Congress with slavery in States and Terri-tory, or in the District of Columbia; that this was the basis of the compromises should be rebuked with the same spirit that of 1850, confirmed by both the Democratic would denounce and repudiate all attempts to and Whig parties in National Conven-1852, and rightly applied to the organization our free institutions. of Territories in 1854; that the uniform appli-cation of this Democratic principle to the or-ganization of Territories and the admission of under the various names and phases of Freelation in this and all other financial measures new States, with or without domestic slavery, Soilism, Anti-Nebraskaism, Fusionism, and Reupon which issues have been made between as they may elect, the equal rights of all the publicanism, and by interfering with the rights the two political parties of the country, have States will be preserved intact, the original of conscience in establishing a religious test as

ment. Resolved, That we recognize the right of the peo-Jefferson in the Declaration of Independence, ple of all the Territories, including Kansas and and whenever the number of their inhabitants

Resolved, That, in view of the condition of the popular institutions of the Old World, and 9. That Congress has no power under the the dangerous tendencies of sectional agitation. Constitution to interfere with or control the do- combined with the attempt to enforce civil and mestic institutions of the several States, and religious disabilities against the rights of acthat all such States are the sole and proper quiring citizenship in our own land, a high judges of everything appertaining to their own and sacred duty has devolved an increased rethereto, are calculated to lead to the most stitutional liberty, by continuing to resist all alarming and dangerous consequences, and monopolies and exclusive legislation for the uphold the Union as it was, the Union as it is, one of its essential principles by the immortal and the Union as it shall be in the full expansion of the energies and capacity of this great

standing on this national platform, will abide the foreign policy of the country are inferior to ready on more than one occasion in the past to by and adhere to a faithful execution of the no domestic question whatever; that the time acts known a the compromise measures settled | has come when the people of the United States ing designed to carry out an express provision and by solemn manifestations place their moral of the Constitution, cannot, with fidelity there- influence by the side of their successful due concession to the South, by the very men

Resolved, That our geographical and political souri line, there seemed to be but one wise position with reference to other States of this alternative left, and that was to refer the whole continent, no less than the interest of our com- question of slavery in the Territories to the out of it, the agitation of the slavery question, merce and the development of our growing power, requires that we hold sacred the prin-ciples involved in the Monroe doctrine; that tend our hearty support to the policy of the under whatever shape or color the attempt may power, requires that we hold sacred the printheir bearing and import should admit of no Government as recognized in the compromise misconstruction, and should be applied with measures of 1850, and embodied in the laws unbending rigidity.

Resolved, That a great highway of Nature, bution of such proceeds among the States, as as well as the assent of those States most imalike inexpedient in policy and repugnant to mediately interested in its maintenance, has been marked out for a free communication between the Atlantic and Pacific oceans, and taking from the President the qualified veto power, by which he is enabled, under restriction ments realized by the spirit of modern times and the unconquerable energy of our people; that this result should be secured by the timely and efficient control which we have a right to claim over it; that no power on earth should be suffered to impede or clog its progress; nor should we allow any interference with the relations which it may sait our policy to establish with the Government of States within whose dominion it lies; that we can, under no circumstances, surrender our preponderance in the adjustment of all questions arising out of it. Resolved, That, in view of so commanding

> are being made by the people of Central America to regenerate that portion of the continent isthmur. Resolved, That the Democratic party will expect of the next Administration that every

dency in the Gulf of Mexico; to maintain a

an interest, the people of the United States cannot but sympathize with the efforts which

WASHINGTON SENTINEL

BEVERLEY TUCKER.

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS. FOR PRESIDENT.

JAMES BUCHANAN. OF PENNSYLVANIA.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT. JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE. OF KENTUCKY.

through which are emptied into its waters the products raised upon the soil, and the com-modities created by the industry of the people of our Western valleys and the Union at large.

PLATFORM OF JAMES BUCHANAN, OF PENNSYLVANIA.

"Resolved, That in the present distracted condition of parties, in which sectional and par-tial issues have been allowed to attain a dangerous supremacy, we recognise in the policy of the Democratic party, that which rests upon the Constitution as its basis; and that it is the party which above all others has in the language of the illustrious Madison, ever continued 'to hold the Union of the States as the basis of their peace and happiness; to sup-port the Constitution, which is the cement of the Union, as well in its limitations as its authorities; to respect the rights and authorities reserved to the States and to the people, as equally incorporated with, and essential to, the success of the general system; and to avoid the slightest interference with the rights of conscience or the functions of religion, so

wisely exempted from civil jurisdiction.'
"Resolved, That by the general consent of the wise and virtuous of all nations, the framers of the Republic of the United States exhibited, in their individual characters and in the result of their public deliberations, a degree of virtue and a practical statesmanship to which the history of the world affords no parallel; that in no part of the Federal compact is the wisdom of our Fathers more conspicuous, than in leaving the whole question of slavery to the States in their separate capacities, and that in the provision for the re-delivery of fugitives escaped from labor or service, they demonstrated a sense of justice, an appreciation of the value of the Union, an attachment to its preservation, an avoidance of one-sided philanthropy and impracticable theories of government, which present a proper example for the guidance and

tion, and the exposition thereof which has been afforded by the practices of the Democratic ad-

the vital element of the Constitution itself, and conservatism of the Union, non-interference, that all interference with the rights of the tions, ratified by the people in the election of entitled to share the blessings and benefits of

demonstrated to practical men of all parties compacts of the Constitution maintained invio- a qualification for office, by the secret oath-bound late, and the perpetuation and expansion of society of the Know-nothings, is opposed both this Union ensured to its utmost capacity of to the letter and the spirit of the Constitution. 7. That the separation of the moneys of the embracing, in peace and harmony, every future and to the earnest teachings and practice of its

"Resolved. That we are now as ever unalterably opposed to the doctrines and designs of all organizations which contemplate the overthrow of the civil and religious rights of the citizen, and inalienable right, never to be interfered with by factious parties and reckless legislation, withjustifies it, to form a constitution, with or with out a subversion of the primary objects of our antees of the past, and the hopes of the future.

" Resolved, That in the repeal of the act known as the Missouri Compromise act, and the passage of the act organizing the Territories of Kansas and Nebraska, free from unconstitutional restrictions, the last Congress performed a work of patriotic sacrifice, in meeting the demands of sectional excitement by unshaken adherence to the fundamental law.

"Resolved, That this legislation cannot be deemed unnecessary, but that it was expedient ment than at present. That we recognize in it the application to the Territories of the United States of the rule of 'equal and exact justice to all men,' of all sections of the Con-Jefferson.

"Resolved, That the Democracy of Pennsylprogressive people.

Resolved, That the questions connected with wisest statesmen of the North and South, were extend the Missouri Compromise line Pacific, so as to make it the basis of a final set tlement of the question of slavery in the Territories; but when this proposition was rejected, in 1848, on the ground that it involved an unwho now clamor for a restoration of the people thereof, to be regulated as they may organizing the Territories of Kansas and Ne

> GLENWOOD CEMETERY. OFFICE No. 292, PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE

Corner of 10th street, over Savings Bank. THIS CEMETERY is laid out on the plan of the celebrated Greenwood of New York, and situated on the high ground, distant one and a quarter miles north of the Capitol, North Capitol street, leading directly to the Gateway. This company have received a charter from Congress, appropriating this ground for ever to burial purposes, making a fee title to the purchaser, and prohibiting all encroachments from legislation or otherwise, which is of vast importance to those who wish their dead to repose where they have placed them; for it has become a custom in all cities when the buriel ground becomes valuable for other purposes, to sell it, and throw the dead promiscuously into one large pit, and legal measures cannot prevent it, as no titles are given to the ground.

N. B. Office hours from 10 a m., to 12 m, where pamphlets containing the Charter, By-laws, and a Map of the Grounds, and all other information can be obtained. All orders left with Mr. James F. Harvy

410. 7th street, or any other undertaker, will be promptly attended to. June 19-17

BROWN'S MARBLE HOTEL,